

God's Creatorship and Providential Rulership, and to mark off periods of time, including days, seasons and years.

**Event #9** (recorded in Genesis 1:20-23) -- The beginning of God's Immediate Creation of various "kinds" of aquatic animals and various "kinds" of birds.

The animals mentioned in these verses are classified according to the environment in which they move. The environment of the various "kinds" of "living creature that moves" is in this case the water. This category also includes the "great sea monsters," and probably the amphibians, as well as all fish and marine invertebrates. The environment of the various "kinds" of birds and other flying creatures is twofold: the firmament of heaven (i.e., the air above the ground), and the ground.

In addition, we are told that God blessed the aquatic animals and the celestial animals with the blessing of fruitfulness, that they might multiply and fill their ecological niches throughout the earth, both in the seas and on the land.

**Event #10** (recorded in Genesis 1:24-25) -- The beginning of God's Immediate Creation of various "kinds" of terrestrial animals.

Three basic categories of land animals are mentioned here: "cattle," "creeping animals," and "living animals of the earth." The principle of division upon which this classification is based could very well be the method of locomotion. Thus these three categories could be viewed as including animals that move by walking upon the ground, animals that move by creeping on the ground, and animals that move in the ground itself (presumably by digging or burrowing).

In any case, it would appear necessary to break down these three categories into various "kinds" of each category, and we are told that God called these "kinds" of terrestrial animals into existence.

**Event #11** (recorded in Genesis 2:8) -- God's Immediate Creation of the Garden of Eden.

There may be a question as to whether this creative event should be placed before the creation of Adam, or between Adam's creation and Eve's